

Minobe Elected To Governor

On April 11 nationwide local elections took place. Especially in the race for the Tokyo governorship, which became the object of public attention, it was said to be a showdown between Ryokichi Minobe and Akira Hatano. Gov. Minobe collected 3,615,299 votes, defeating Akira Hatano by a wide margin. Hatano gained 1,935,694 votes, 1,679,605 less than those for Minobe. And Ryokichi Kuroda, Socialist-Communist Party backed candidate, defeated incumbent Gov. Gisen Sato, Liberal Democratic Party backed candidate in the Osaka gubernatorial election.

Furthermore, the notable point in the elections was the remarkable victories scored by the Progressives in the polls for prefectural and other local assembly posts. This remarkable development of the progressive camp means that people feel discontented with the present states of government and national life, namely L.D.P. Government: The Sato Administration.

There was much gossip about the showdown between Ryokichi Minobe, the Tokyo governor on the active list, a political economist, and enjoying general popularity, and Akira Hatano, former Tokyo Metropolitan Police superintendent supported by L.D.P. from the end of the last year. The race of campaign was gay and made many topics of conversation suitable to the biggest race. For example, the Hatano camp adopted the bitter orange as symbol and the Minobe camp blue, etc. At all events both camps fought bravely to gain more votes by distinction and impression. What caused this victory of progressive camp in this nationwide local elections?

Akira Hatano, said to be 'the star of Hope' of the financial world, a conservative and reactionary police official, pressed qualified people for an answer 'What shall you do when the big earthquake occurs?' He described himself as a Galileo in the sense that he had a "4,000,000 million yen vision". Further, he talked big and deceptively about great duty accompanied by Prime Minister Eisaku Sato and a group of supporters including Yasunari Kawabata, the Nobel Prize winning author, and Shintaro Ishihara and so on the plea of national policy. But and them. Tokyo citizens had good political judgment and broke their ambition.

Of course Ryokichi Minobe is a popular individual, but one of the reasons for his victory was that he gave prominence to politics close to ourselves and appealed to Tokyo citizens' participation in politics. And the Socialist and Communist alliance fought on the slogan of "Stop the Sato" and got together a strong campaign. This is one of the reasons Minobe gained so many votes. In particular, Tokyoites dislike Hatano's centralizations of power.

In Osaka, although incumbent Gov. Gisen Sato founded an "Observation Center of Pollution" unique in the world, he was defeated. This was because his politics was not responsive to residents for the past 12

years. On the contrary Ryoichi Kuroda, former law professor at Osaka City University, said that he would revise the antipollution regulations and build more kindergartens and high schools. Furthermore, he was convinced that "the voice of the voiceless people" support him.

The Communist Party's prefectural posts increased from 46 seats to 124 seats, and the wards in Tokyo gained 128 seats (all of the candidates won). But the L.D.P. could not win a majority of all ward seats in Tokyo for the first time. And the rate of participation for balloting for the Tokyo governorship was about 70%. This is because Tokyoites took interest in politics. These results tell us about a new political condition.

Feb. 25, the elections of mayors, town headmen and citizen or town members of assembly took place. The results of these local elections satisfied the L.D.P. This in effect tells us about the difference of citizen sense between big city residents and farm villagers.

On the whole, the progressive camp won over the conservative camp. But Minobe's sweeping victory cannot at all weaken the offensive of the Sato Administration, namely fascistization or militarization. And the time of showdown between the L.D.P. and J.C.P. has come. However this is easy to run into easy-going parliamentarism and neglect the mass of people.

In any case, the local elections at this time taught us that local autonomy is not subject to the State Government and urged us to stand up politically. The Sato Administration must be hit.

In conclusion I would like to comment on the seats returning without voting in the nationwide local elections. This total amounts to 1818 (1,550 in the farm areas). This shows the political corruption, feudal custom, realities of these results and point to true democracy.

Struggle At Sanrizuka Against Land-expropriation

The Chiba Prefectural Gov. and the new Tokyo International Airport Corp. started requisition by force on the pretext of the needs of the state in the last of Feb. in Narita. This is nothing but the vigorous action against the populace.

Gov. Tomono of Chiba Prefecture had decided to forcibly requisition the construction site of the New Airport within the three weeks between Feb. 22 and March 15.

Feb. 22. The Chiba Prefectural Government started the forcible requisition of six pockets of land. But Farmers, aided by students and unions, holed up in tunnels and huts to block the path poured high soil into a narrow moat around their "fortress". Some students had equipped their "field hospital" in preparation for possible injuries among the farmers. Farmer's wives, aged parents and children determined to fight to the last. Especially junior high school students and primary school pupils refused to attend classes to

With the signing of the agreement of Okinawa Return in 1972 at hand, on April 28th, 4,28 Okinawa Day, mass meetings of struggle were held in many places. In Tokyo, about 110,000 of people gathered from all over the country at Hibiya Outdoor Concert Hall, Shimizudani Park, Meiji Park, Yoyogi Park, and held mass meetings and staged demonstrations. Generally the day was peaceful, without the guerrilla which was expected. Still the struggle will march onward to 5.19, all Okinawa general strike day.

At Hibiya Outdoor Concert Hall, about 23,000 students, laborers, citizens gathered in the mass meeting under the slogan "crush the agreement of 1972 Okinawa Return," "Obstruct the signing in May."

Around 2 p.m., Anti-War Committee members, from whole country, gathered gradually, and by 6 p.m. when the meeting opened, the Concert Hall was packed by so many people that one cannot move even an inch.

The meeting was opened by the address of the host organizations in the chairmanship of the representatives of Anti-War Committees of Chiba, Gunma, and Saitama prefectures. In succession Tokyo committee of struggle against the bill and the system for immigration and emigration appealed that you should reward for the struggle on Paku's third choice in election of South Korea and on gaining one-year visa for Ryu. S.D.F. member Makoto Konishi appealed the obstruction of Self-Defense Force's (S.D.F.) trooping to Okinawa. And then came addresses by Issaku Tomura, the chairman of Anti-Sanrizuka Airport Alliance, and Mrs. Watanabe, president of Shinogusa Mother's Society of Kitafuji. And Okinawa security center, the national security for study of the village, and so on.

Parents and members of Shonen Kodotai visited their teachers and urged them to join the "struggle" but teachers could not join. Afterwards children also visited the office and demanded an interview with official but in vain.

Farmers and students spent the respite repairing broken trenches and increasing barbed wire fortifications.

Feb. 28. In the first week, the officials requisitioned land at only one of the projected six pockets of land.

March 1. The operation to forcibly requisition was resumed following three days of suspension. The government announced that the land requisition would be suspended for one day. But the reasons for the suspension were not closely known.

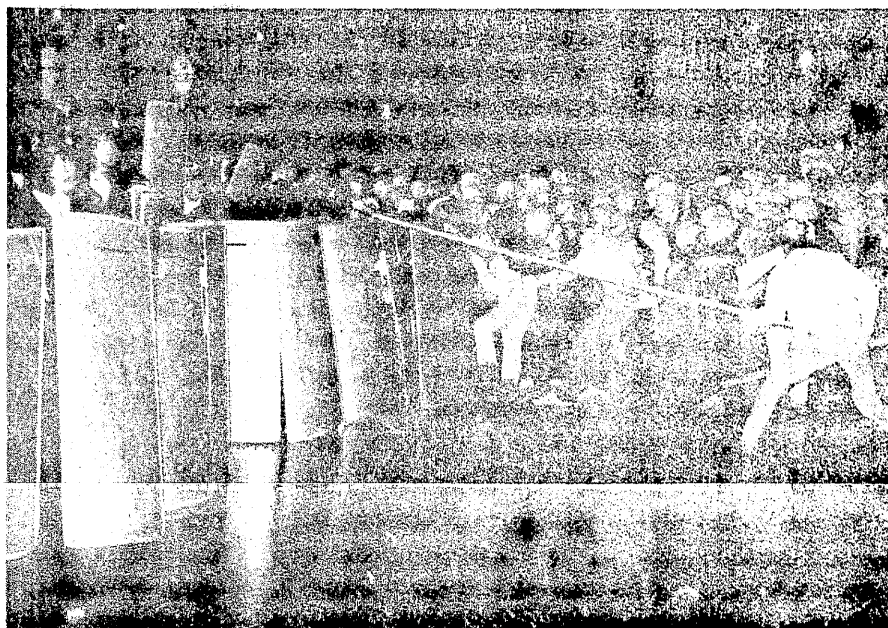
March 3. Elderly farmers and housewives who themselves made the fences were put out by riot police.

March 5. Women farmers resisted by binding their bodies to wooden piles, but the officials cut the bonds and removed them. Officials used mobile cranes to fell trees and after the trees were cut lowered the trees

Feb. 26. Tomono decided that a 2-day truce be declared.

Accomplished Okinawa Day

2,3000 Ralliers At Tokyo Hibiya



Students collided with mobile units at Roppongi in the rain. Besides there, they met at Tamike, Aoyama, and in Front of the Jingu Stadium, near the Defense Agency, incendiary bottle grenades were thrown by students, but generally calmful.

From about 9 p.m., they of Kakumaru-Zengakuren met and staged a demonstration to this 428 struggle is the problem of Okinawa's return to Japan. For the Japanese government, the goal is to raise her own political position through the reorganization and the strengthening of the Japan-U.S. alliance, and to develop the

At Shimizudani Park, citizen organizations of Beheiren so on held "Crush the agreement of Okinawa Return. Tokyo meeting" about 4,000 people joined and staged a demonstration to Yatsu gate of Tokyo Station. At Meiji Park, 2,000-members

to the ground. Meanwhile, bulldozers and trucks waited to go over the area.

The officials began removing barricades and huts by bulldozers and other heavy machinery. And the government has said that it wants to complete the construction of the new airport by the end of this year.

But Issaku Tomura, leader of the opposition farmers, said the group would continue their opposition while entrenched in the tunnels.

March 24. The officials broke the ceasefire agreement and on Feb. 25 at 5:30 a.m. began destroying the tunnels where the opposition farmers where. About 2,700 riot policemen, meanwhile, shut out the farmers' supporters and the officials took away the tunnels of nos. 3, 4 and 6 sites at will, 43 persons had been arrested unjustly. However the protesters defended to the last the tunnels of nos. 1, 2 with indomitable resistance.

Continuously May 6, the officials will start the second forcible requisition. But the opposition farmers, aided by students and unions, will fight against the Government.

Thus Okinawa Return in '72 is the key to changing the S.D.F. for the Government and Okinawa is the strategic point. Now the Japanese and the U.S. governments are speeding their negotiations concerning Okinawa Return in '72, and it has reached the last step.

But they give Okinawan people the fantasy of joining in the Japanese national policy and returning to their fatherland. And the situation advancing under the name of '72 Okinawa Return is that the bases of Okinawa are not reduced but strengthened, and that the S.D.F. is to be deployed in Okinawa in spite of the U.S. army, and the plans are continuing for the unification of the Japanese, American, and Korean armies. Still the Government introduced the peace police against the Kozai riot with which Okinawan people sympathized, and they strengthened the ruin of Okinawa.

In the process of Okinawa Return in '72, we can also see the direction of strengthening and reorganization of the U.S. army bases. This is shown by "secret agreement on nuclear weapons" which was revealed by the New York Times, also by the U.S. investment of 60 million dollars to Kadena air base, and furthermore by Chapman's remark: "After reversion, the U.S. army in Okinawa can operate freely."

We must recognize these points and struggle against the Government which is betraying us, as well as the Okinawan people.

Impeach Agreement Of Okinawa Return

Needless to say, the heart to this 428 struggle is the problem of Okinawa's return to Japan. For the Japanese government, the goal is to raise her own political position through the reorganization and the strengthening of the Japan-U.S. alliance, and to develop the

to the ground. Meanwhile, bulldozers and trucks waited to go over the area.

The officials began removing barricades and huts by bulldozers and other heavy machinery. And the government has said that it wants to complete the construction of the new airport by the end of this year.

But Issaku Tomura, leader of the opposition farmers, said the group would continue their opposition while entrenched in the tunnels.

March 24. The officials broke the ceasefire agreement and on Feb. 25 at 5:30 a.m. began destroying the tunnels where the opposition farmers where. About 2,700 riot policemen, meanwhile, shut out the farmers' supporters and the officials took away the tunnels of nos. 3, 4 and 6 sites at will, 43 persons had been arrested unjustly. However the protesters defended to the last the tunnels of nos. 1, 2 with indomitable resistance.

Continuously May 6, the officials will start the second forcible requisition. But the opposition farmers, aided by students and unions, will fight against the Government.

Thus Okinawa Return in '72 is the key to changing the S.D.F. for the Government and Okinawa is the strategic point. Now the Japanese and the U.S. governments are speeding their negotiations concerning Okinawa Return in '72, and it has reached the last step.

But they give Okinawan people the fantasy of joining in the Japanese national policy and returning to their fatherland. And the situation advancing under the name of '72 Okinawa Return is that the bases of Okinawa are not reduced but strengthened, and that the S.D.F. is to be deployed in Okinawa in spite of the U.S. army, and the plans are continuing for the unification of the Japanese, American, and Korean armies. Still the Government introduced the peace police against the Kozai riot with which Okinawan people sympathized, and they strengthened the ruin of Okinawa.

In the process of Okinawa Return in '72, we can also see the direction of strengthening and reorganization of the U.S. army bases. This is shown by "secret agreement on nuclear weapons" which was revealed by the New York Times, also by the U.S. investment of 60 million dollars to Kadena air base, and furthermore by Chapman's remark: "After reversion, the U.S. army in Okinawa can operate freely."

We must recognize these points and struggle against the Government which is betraying us, as well as the Okinawan people.

Prevent from Return to The Prewar

It is the ruling system of the pre war that the Liberal Democratic Party, conservative one, frames up to conserve. It is made that the L.D.P. has set in the movement for the amendments of the Constitution. And Considering the increasing of the people who are indifferent to politics, the comeback of the financial combines, the Mitsubishi, and etc. and the rise of military powers under the government of L.D.P., we must fight against and check the domination of the L.D.P. in order to protect our freedom, lives and true democracy.

Nixon Doctrine

The change in the Japan-U.S. Japan became a strong economic Security Treaty since the joint power with a G.N.P. second statement of 1969 is beginning among the free countries, the to be realized. At the joint state- U.S. planned for Japan to fill the ment by Japan and the U.S., role of the U.S. in Asia. And Prime Minister Sato agreed to the U.S. started negotiations that take over the responsibility in Japan must play the role of the Asia from the U.S. U.S. in compensation for return

When the political, economic, of Okinawa, and military condition becomes Japan gladly agreed to this unstable in Southeast Asia because she was going to begin cause of the withdrawal of Eng- to advance earnestly in Asia. land's Far East Army, the U.S. to advance earnestly Japan must withdraw from all areas cherished the intention to extend of Vietnam and Asia because of new markets in Asia instead many defeats in the Vietnam of in the U.S. where there War and the depression in the was no future, as symbolized by the negotiation prob-

On such situation, the U.S. lem concerning textiles be- took a policy called the "Nixon tween Japan and the U.S. And Doctrine"— that problems in playing the role, Eisaku Sato Asia must be realized by Asians. advocated the spirit of independ- First of all, it is Japan's will to ent defense at that time. Acting fit herself for this policy As in co-operation with him, the

financial world actively started financial world rewarded. This to advertise the G.N.P. to the people by mass communication. In this appeal they virtually had the aim that Japan must have a military force suitable to has economic power which had the second largest G.N.P. And in fact, the efforts of Sato and the

financial world rewarded. This was manifested in a defense white paper and so on, in relation to the Self-Defense Force published often. Also, the army force has been making rapid progress in the fourth and fifth Defense plans.

Advance to Asia

Under the policy of independent defense, the Liberal Democratic Party got 302 seats in the election to the House of Representatives and gained confidence in handling the people.

On the other hand, in the financial world, reorganization of large amounts of capital started actively.

First, Yahata iron-manufacturing company united with Fuji company and Shinnihon company was born. By this union, it became the biggest not only in Japan, but in the world.

But the Fair Trade Commission did not permit the union for a long time. Because there was the doubt of violation of the Antimonopoly Law. The Japanese government took the opinion that the union presented important problems. It is a symbol of the opening of reorganization by big capital in the economic world.

That is to say, monopolization of capital makes steadily progress under the pretext of victory for international competition. For example, Mitsubishi plainly aspires for hugeness of its group or financial clique under the name of memory of its hundredth anniversary.

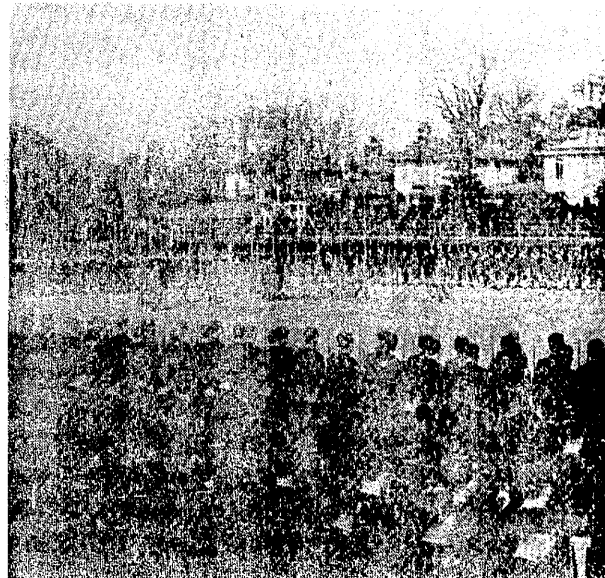
In financial circles Daiichi Bank united with Kangyo Bank and became biggest Bank in Japan. In the future, such reorganization will make rapid progress.

The Japanese government plainly takes the policy for Asia in accordance with the Nixon Doctrine. First of all, the Japanese government has strengthened connections with (South Korea and the Republic of China) lately. The connection between Japan and the Republic of China since the Yoshida note, but the economic connection exceeded our expectations.

It was made public by the problem of restoration of diplomatic relations between Japan and the People's Republic of China. In a word, many Japanese big companies broke the (Chou en Lai) four conditions. (The People's Republic of China stipulate) the condition that the P.R.C. does not trade with any company having relations with Formosa.

Also, it is not plain how much the Japanese economic world makes progress in South Korea. But since the withdrawal of the U.S. Army from South Korea was made public, the Japanese position of taking over America's responsibility has been more important to S.K. as the president of S.K. showed clear. In the case of S.K. the big problem is that the war industry has more weight in economic progress than other industries.

The importance of connection between Japan and S.K., R.C., is clearly shown by Sato's



Departure of students for the front.

words: "S.K. and R.C. are a line of A.D.B. But strangely enough, of Japan's life." It spuds like it is 30,000,000 dollars that the Japanese minister's words U.S. promised to give the A.D.B. "Manchuria is a line of Japan's in the last general meeting, life." A good example of Japan's taking over in South Asia though she did not give, because of opposition by her Congress. Also very recently Sato and Fukuda, made public the policy of liberal diplomacy which plainly showed foreign advance.

Citizen's Movement

When a country advances on a foreign country, agreement of domestic public opinion is needed, as Japan encroached upon (Manchuria), China and Indochina before W.W. II, saying the Japanese economy would be destroyed unless Manchuria was kept in the Japanese influence.

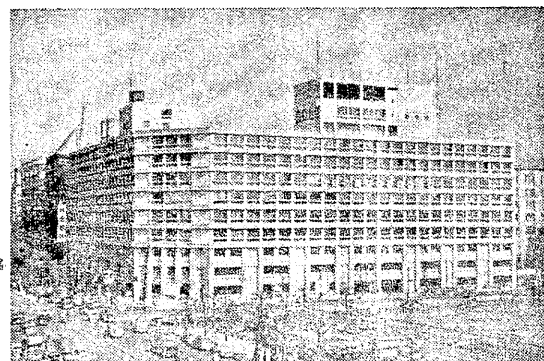
Various means was used to unify public opinion before the war. For example, standardization of thought by education, handling of public opinion by mass communication, and control of liberal, socialist, communist, and cultural activities by special state police. Mr. Minoze, head of metropolitan Tokyo, was thrown into prison too.

The Control of liberalism, socialism, and communism for the time being, do not come into the surface openly. And we can say what we want to. But the pressure by the Communist communication has been strengthened by the government and it well known to be controlled most mass communication. In fact education is almost the same most controlled by official approval as was shown by the trial of a textbook. Because companies of textbooks are private, they will be ruined if their textbooks are not permitted by official approval. So, they are compelled to self-control for getting their textbooks authorized. As a result, the contents of textbook is fairly reactionary and even Myths have been revived. Also, because teachers have already been controlled by teachers' efficiency rating system, they cannot give independent lessons now. The trial made this clear.

Still, the problem of administration of justice remained. This is not the only example which showed clearly the collusion between government and administration of justice, but has other important meanings. So, the government intends to control the thought by administration as a means to unify—public opinion. The Policy of the government has begun to make progress to a degree since 1970. This will make itself clear in advances on foreign countries, unity of thought within the country, and increase of armed force. It is the same as in prewar days. Of course, it may seem that there is a clear difference between prewar and postwar in the international political and economic conditions. But it is clear that the Liberal Democratic Party has the same character as the conservative party in the prewar ear and to. But the pressure by the Communist communication has been strengthened by the government and it well known to be controlled most mass communication. In fact education is almost the same most controlled by official approval as was shown by the trial of a textbook. Because companies of textbooks are private, they will be ruined if their textbooks are not permitted by official approval. So, they are compelled to self-control for getting their textbooks authorized. As a result, the contents of textbook is fairly reactionary and even Myths have been revived. Also, because teachers have already been controlled by teachers' efficiency rating system, they cannot give independent lessons now. The trial made this clear.

SUMITOMO BANK

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN
throughout Japan
180 Branches in Key Cities



OVERSEAS OFFICES

New York Agency

London Branch

Hong Kong Branch

Office

Karachi Representative

AFFILIATED BANKS

The Sumitomo Bank of

California

Head Office: San Francisco

Branches: Los Angeles,

Sacramento, Crenshaw

San Jose Gardena

Banco Sumitomo Brasileiro

S.A. Sao Paulo

New Tokyo Office

Japan's
Largest Commercial Bank

FUJI BANK

Otemachi, 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Phone: (216) 2211

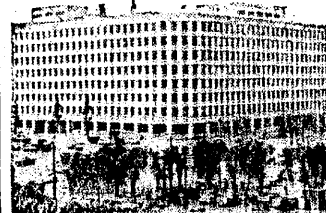
Offices throughout Japan 212

Overseas Offices: London, New York, Duesseldorf, Calcutta, Seoul, Los Angeles & Dinkart



THE KYOWA BANK LTD.

For Your Banking Needs
of Every Description
Throughout Japan . . .



HEAD OFFICE:

No. 41, 1-chome,
Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku,
Tokyo

The most extensive branch
network throughout Japan

**FIRST
IN
INDUSTRIAL
FINANCE**

WORLD-WIDE INTERNATIONAL BANKING

THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF JAPAN, LTD.

日本興業銀行

東京・大阪・神戸・名古屋
Overseas Offices: NEW YORK - FRANKFURT - LONDON

長期産業金融の中心機関として
重要産業の発展 中小企業の有
成のため活躍しています 外資
導入の取扱いもいたします

「みなさまの食堂」
二幸
慶大日吉キャンパス

Next Big Earthquake and Total Collapse of L.D.P.

Urban problems are expected to be the major issue in the coming 1972 U.S. Presidential election. Since the U.S. leads the world not only in the field of science and arts, but in urban problems as well, it can easily be seen that Japan will probably be facing the same kind of problems in the not so far away future. Already, some of the urban problems have become worse than in the U.S. Yet the Sato government shows no sign of solving that problems.

Frustration Everywhere

Sayonara Sato-san is what we'll be hearing in the very near future. That is what I hope, and the people will hope if Sato's ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) does nothing about this metropolitan mess.

Mess, in this case, is too good a word to use, but unfortunately since such an inhumane condition does not exist in the western world there are no appropriate words in English to describe it. I can only say that it is worse than a mess.

How the Tokyoites and the other Japanese have stood this is just anybody's guess, but they are not as patient as Prime Minister Sato thinks. The idea that they are missing a great deal of what they rightfully deserve has sprung up among the frustrated lot. And it seems to grow—no wonder.

A typical day in Japan would begin just like any other in the West with the sound of an alarm clock. A typical Japanese would open his eyes, then doze off again. After a few minutes, as if suddenly remembering something he gets up and starts working his muscle. But, from here on everything is different. He finds himself in a room no bigger than 10 square feet. If he were few of the privileged he can go to the bathroom and wash, brush and get ready for breakfast, but if not he would have to go to the kitchen, since there is no bathroom in his house. Houses are so closely built that in some places you can touch the other house by reaching out from the window. It is like living in a jungle of houses, you get no sun or wind. What you do get is the next door neighbor's conversation and noises. Not only that the streets—no bigger than an alley—in between these houses are too narrow for a fire engine or ambulance to move around freely. So when a major disaster like an earthquake hits the city the wooden houses would be left burning and people dying.

Then, after clearing away the futon (Japanese bed) his wife starts getting ready for breakfast, in the same room since there are no other rooms. Does he move his chopsticks elegantly looking out into the luxurious and peaceful Japanese garden? No! Besides there aren't any gardens and certainly he does not move his chopsticks like an American, there isn't any time! He must depart immediately because he has 45 minutes of pushing and kicking exercise to do before he gets to the office. I mean he has to ride in a train. A 45 minute train ride can be a mighty tiresome thing, but not so in Japanese trains. They're so packed that commuters are kept busy enough trying to find breathing space. Opening the morning paper is something only the strongest can afford. Once in a while the train's window breaks by the human force from within. And once in a while when you are really unlucky and happen to push and kick one of the more frustrated ones you're in for a fist fight. Certainly a train ride like this or as the song goes morning like this there is no love or sunshine. What remains is frustration against the Sato government.

By the time he reaches office his energy is half spent. What is worse, he has yet to face up to another resentful fact of life—feudalism within the company. But, since the Prime Minister cannot be fully blamed for this and I am only concerned here with problems of the cities, I will venture no more than to say that the Japanese are having a hard time fighting against the remains of feudalism.

After his work is finished he has to go through another nightmarish train ride. And this for six times a week. The road between his home and the station is beautifully paved, but with no sidewalks and so narrow that a car and a man are all that can pass at once. You try to be alert but you are dead tired. All you can do is to hope and pray to Buddha that a car will not accidentally pass over you. But little good that will do since most Japanese have no

religion. Every time a car goes by you get the exhaust gas full 18th in the world, the people in your face which is the equivalent of being in a gas chamber for a few seconds. The whole place is polluted. As the smell gets in you and makes you feel dizzy a vague idea takes hold of you, "What the devil is the Government doing. What are they doing with all those money they take from us." By the time you reach home, you are not only frustrated but infuriated. You are burning mad. You pledge revenge against Sato's Party never to vote.

On Sundays or holidays—Saturdays you have to work—when you want to go out and have some fun, the train is just as crowded as on weekdays. In hit Tokyo (expected pretty soon) 3,000,000 people would be killed which is 15 times better than what the A-bomb that landed in Hiroshima did. And all this on narrow roads not big enough for an ambulance or a fire engine and on houses built too closely.

The victory of Socialist Ryokichi Minobe in Tokyo's Governorship election last month against Akira Hatano of the LDP is just a beginning. It is a beginning that will end up in the total collapse of the LDP. It is also a warning that if Prime Minister Eisaku Sato does nothing about this metropolitan mess, the house of the LDP will come tumbling down altogether with the next big earthquake.

This is no joke. When a nation boasts of its G.N.P. as the world's third largest and when its trade has doubled during the past four years and still the people are living in a hut like house—worse than an American slum—commuting in a train not even fit to carry a pig, working six days a week and receive one of

the lowest national income (rated 18th in the world), the people are bound to think there is something the matter with the Government.

However small these domestic problems may seem compared with foreign ones those are the things the people are most concerned about—bigger houses, better transportation, clean air and water. Sato's Government has neglected these problems long enough. There are those who say that pressure from big business which contributes an astronomical amount of money to the LDP is what is causing the Premier to act slow. But such is the mess the cities are in that if another big earthquake hit Tokyo (expected pretty soon) 3,000,000 people would be killed which is 15 times better than what the A-bomb that landed in Hiroshima did. And all this on narrow roads not big enough for an ambulance or a fire engine and on houses built too closely.

The victory of Socialist Ryokichi Minobe in Tokyo's Governorship election last month against Akira Hatano of the LDP is just a beginning. It is a beginning that will end up in the total collapse of the LDP. It is also a warning that if Prime Minister Eisaku Sato does nothing about this metropolitan mess, the house of the LDP will come tumbling down altogether with the next big earthquake.

Persisting Threat

The threat of an atomic warfare is never unrealistic. Too many people hope too much for the better. That it will never happen, that it is impossible. They turn overly optimistic, but the cold fact remains. The aim of the bomb is not only for show, although that is its major purpose, but also for use. As long as it exists we can never be too pessimistic.

Man is a reasonable being; a relief to know that the Pakistanese did not own an atomic bomb. For certainly that would stab him to death. To prevent it from happening there is only one way—take the knife away. ever that moved.

Similarly, there is only one way to prevent the total destruction of man, and that is not to limit, but abolish the bomb.

Human cruelty is something which all men tend to evade their eyes from, and no wonder. It is a shame to know that a human being can kill a woman carrying a baby without a second's thought. It is an affront to be told that our people buried the old, the young, the small alive. It is a disgust to know that a human being can use an atomic bomb to kill the innocent old, woman and children and still justify their actions by saying, "it saved millions of our young men."

But, lately, whether we like it or not, our eyes have been forced to see human cruelties at its best. Look at the papers. There it is in full. The Pakistan massacre, the My Lai massacre. Women with babies killed because they were alive. Professors and students killed just because they were saying what they thought was right. It is

since the beginning of the Second World War, no progress whatsoever had been made on the part of the Americans in understanding the Japanese. They are still looking at Japan in the same manner that they did in 1940. And as the war showed that is a very dangerous way to look at Japan.

What is more worse and dangerous is the number of people who will be misled by looking at this kind of a picture. I heard

that an ambitious American tourist after visiting Japan went back to his country completely disappointed because he could not get in a tub with a geisha. The poor soul was the victim of such irresponsible press as TIME.

Although the picture was bad there is one think we can be glad about and that is TIME's accurate reporting of Japan. The reporters did a fair and accurate coverage.

Time Goes Wild

TIME magazine's recent article on Japan-U.S. economic relations has raised a great deal of uproar in Japan. The impression made on the Japanese was so bad that when TIME invited the cover person himself Sony's Akio Morita for a celebration party he flatly refused to attend.

What made them so infuriated was a picture of a young naked man and a woman in the same tub smiling at each other. To give the American reader the impression that the girl was a geisha she wore a Japanese style wig.

If this picture shocked the Americans, the Japanese were double shocked. In other words this picture is wholly nonsense. The kind of situation the picture showed does not exist in Japan. This picture must have been taken in Hollywood or in Japan's studio using some cheap model.

To think that a first rate American magazine still is ignorant enough to put this kind of picture is hard to believe. For this picture alone shows that,

NEED HELP JOIN OUR CLUB

DON'T BE A LANGUAGE DROPOUT.

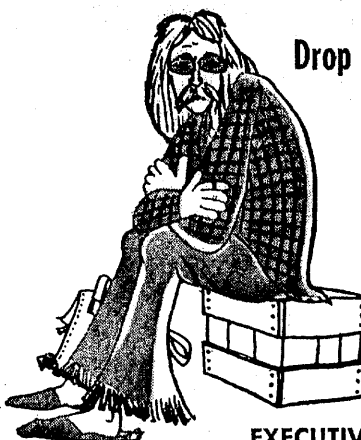
Drop in to the Hamamatsu-cho Bōeki Center

English for Future Executives

We specialize in practical language lessons for people who want results in a hurry.

- * "Total Impact" all the time
- * Private Lessons anytime
- * Semi-Private anytime
- * Better Results every time

Call Us for a Free Demonstration Lesson



EXECUTIVE LANGUAGE SCHOOLS INC.
14th floor, Hamamatsu-cho Bōeki Center, Tel: 435-5751



MINERALS ORES METALS GRAPHITE ELECTRODES

STEEL PRODUCTS CARBON MATERIAL

NON-FERROUS METALS & ORES

MACHINERIES & EQUIPMENTS

FERRO ALLOYS

FOOD &

PROVISIONS

Importers & Exporters

LUX ORE & CHEMICAL, INC.

PREDIDENT: AKIRA TAKAGI

JAPAN BRANCH

MING-YU INTERNATIONAL BLDG.

8-8, 4-CHOME, GINZA, CHUOKU

TOKYO, 104 JAPAN

**LUX
ORE**

PHONE: TOKYO 535-4381

MOVIE REVIEW

Pure Love Movies Make A Hit

Why the movies of pure love so hit. Morden times, we cannot help regarding love as technic. But we cannot be satisfied with it. After all it makes us to see the pure love films.



The two faces each other, but under orderly control they part

Want Correspondents

We, The Mita Campus want correspondents all over the world.

Nowadays student's revolts have arisen everywhere in the world. We are much interested in the students movements which is the bastard of the contradictory society.

Please send your news to our office.

WANTED SUBSCRIBER

issue: 6 times
fee: ¥250

Office of the Mita Campus
Keio Univ. Student Hall Room No. 33
Mita, Shiba, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan.
(Tel) 453-0216



Recently the movies of love are current topics. Among these, "LA MAISON DES BORIES" is a movie which was not so talked about. In this movie, a peaceful family in the countryside of southern France is depicted. The husband, professor of geology, the young wife and two children have passed a peaceful day. But there is a gap between the couple. She feels happy, but on the other hand feels tired. One day an attractive young man appeared to help her husband's work. The two, wife and young man have become to love each other. But when he confessed his love to her, she was perplexed and suffered, but after all she determined to part from him and returned to her life with her family. This movie is very fine with beautiful countryside scenes and music by Mozart.

How is love described in this movie? In this movie love exists under orderly control. I think that the love pattern in this film is common in real life. The two love each other deeply. But after all they are bound by family, circumstances and so on. But in modern times many people, especially the young generation, are negative to such morals of love and social convention. What is love? Many people have given a definition of love. It is impossible to say there exists only one true definition of love. When two peoples love each other, nothing can distract

then. Only the woman for the man, only the man for the woman exists in love. The love is the state of which the wall between the two have vanished suddenly. In the movie, did the wife truly love the young man? I don't think so. If she loves the young man, she can sacrifice the family and husband without hesitation. But one problem exists in this. It is that the two who love each other have a family. Till they love each other and marry, they create only their world and existence. But the moment the baby was born, they are forced to be distracted from the other. The baby is not exist in their world. He exists in the other world. It shall be their duty to see the baby. The love of the two makes it possible to do their duty. The married couple in this movie may be married without love.

If so, when the wife loves the man truly, she lives in love. Such a movie of a love story is good to think what is love. In movies and plays and so on, love is an immortal theme. Love is a very important subject of thought among human beings. I think that in modern times we get ideas concerning love or sex easily from reactions by society. Moreover there are movies which are made only for making a tremendous hit with movie fans. In such movies, the film has value to be seen for this reason. When two peoples love each other, nothing can distract

Wanted Members

1. Having something intimate to do with Keio University.
2. Cultivating mutual friendship, and having good time to elevate the standard of living and cultivate oneself better each other.
3. Finding usefull employments to suit for ladies.

We are in full activity, laying stress on these three point.

Chiyoda Seimei Build. Third Fl
2-2-1, Kyobashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Keio Ladies Association (KLA)
Pre. Toshiko Shimizu
TEL : 271-9884

喫茶とお食事

Green

朝日の「社説」と「天声人語」を英語で読もう!!

ASAHI EVENING NEWS

一ヵ月 ¥720 お申込みは本社または朝日新聞販売店へ
本社：東京都中央区築地7-8-5 TEL.(543)3321

The Mita Campus

Honorary President: Prof. Noritake Kobayashi

Adviser: Prof. Mikio Hiramatsu

Editor-in-Chief ... S. Sakagami	Managing Editor N. Miura
News Editor S. Sakagami	Circulation Mgr. ... F. Kawanishi
Feature Editor Y. Osawa	Business Mgr. S. Sakagami
T. Koyama	Advertising Mgr. N. Miura
Culture Editor K. Yoshida	
Reporters A. Takashima, S. Watanabe.	

OFFICE

THE MITA CAMPUS, Kelo University; Student Hall Room No. 33 Mita Shiba, Minato-ku, Japan. Mita Office Tel. (453) 0216
THE MITA CAMPUS is published every month during the academic year, and policies of THE MITA CAMPUS are responsibility of the student editors. Statements published here do not necessarily reflect the opinions of the school authorities or any department of the University. Single copy: Price ¥20. Annual subscription rate: ¥250.

EDITORIAL

Fundamental Appeal

The new spring has come, and as the staff of our circle has changed, we will propose the fundamental course of this year.

All the industry has made rapid progress from the 1930's by the "economic high growth" policy in Japan of capitalism. However the economic development of Japan has always been made under the range of the American economy, so foreign market is limited to Asia, which is under American military affairs. Still we must recognize the fact that there is the aid of minor enterprises and low wage labor forces. According to the coming of the age of liberation of capital, the Sato Government plans the industrial reorganization based on "economic maintenance" policy, and cuts down poor farmers because of composite agricultural policy. Huge capital enterprises go into minor enterprises, and as a result, conaromalte and huge capital enterprises dominate industry. And through such an imperialist reorganization, the profits are absorbed by Government and the financial world in the name of public investment and the private capital accumulation. So we can say this policy is one which is enforced by Government.

The U.S. can't wash her hands of the Vietnam War, she is in a crisis, she is going to make Japan take over the burden of arms. The Nixon doctrine, which states that Asian themselves do the affairs of Asia, is being carrying out, and the U.S. Government has withdrawn the U.S. army forces from Korea and Vietnam. And the U.S. is planning that the Japanese Self-Defense Forces dispatch troops to Asia. By that step, the Government would strengthen the political, economic domination of Korea and Taiwan.

When we recognize the comment by foreign countries of the rebirth of the militarism in Japan, and the inside collapse of capitalism, we must consider the future and present condition of Japan.

Now peaceful coexistence policy or absolute pacifism based on parliamentarism and balance of power, etc. has collapsed. We must just transcend it. Since the problem of concert of affiliation of China with the United Nations has been raised, China's political movement has become influential in the world, and the domination by large nations such as the U.S. and the U.S.S.R. challenged. So we must impeach all war, invasion and oppression for "peace". And we can't permit the existence of colonies or oppressive societies. We will support the movements against pollution and war, and support the liberation outcast communities, which are deployed in various ways and in various places.

When we question our social existence and individual existence, and we consider the realization of individual life, we must conquer the avoided condition. And what is the avoided condition? That is mental avoidance by the mind which was shown by Hegel. Avoided spirit means an ideology, a system, a tradition, a state. And the avoided condition of the labor which was shown by Marx will as one pattern adopt to present society. That is caused by a term of making the means of production privately owned. When we say human liberation, we don't consider only a phenomenon of the avoided condition, we must recognize the social structure which is behind it and control it for a particular aim.

Nowadays, it is just the age of "things and money are almighty" in capitalism. In other words, because an article, money, capital, an ideology, a system or organization has been almighty, the original human relations have changed into unhuman relations. This is agrees with Marx's thoughts. As the advance of continue, duision of labor, which has changed into one belonging to things, dominates human beings. And then the relations between men are cut off, egoism will be advancing and the confrontation of profit becomes violent. Now we can see private ownership and abuse of power, and they produce the standardization of mass consciousness and non thought through mass-communication and mass-production. In the end we are forced into a wrong type of nationalism.

As our own labor and activity are supported through the achievement of egoism, so we cannot grasp total affairs. Thus we have a tendency to be buried by the complicated political economic conditions.